Introduction

The Media Rating Council, Inc. (MRC) believes that adherence to the following minimum standards is necessary to meet the basic objectives of valid, reliable and effective media audience measurement research. Acceptance of MRC minimum standards by a rating service is one of the conditions of accreditation by the MRC, Inc. These are intended to be minimum standards and neither they, nor anything in MRC Procedures, shall prevent any rating service from following higher standards in its operations.

The minimum standards listed herein are divided into three groups:

A. Ethical and Operational Standards

These standards govern the quality and integrity of the entire process by which ratings are produced.

B. Disclosure Standards

These standards specify the detailed information about a rating service, which must be made available to users, to the MRC, Inc., and its audit agent, as well as the form in which the information should be made available.

C. Electronic Delivery and Third-Party Processor Supplementary Standards

These standards reflect additional requirements for rating services that deliver audience data electronically and for third-party processors that apply for accreditation.
A. Ethical and Operational Standards

1. Each rating service shall try constantly to reduce the effects of bias, distortion and human error in all phases of its activities.

2. Appropriate quality control procedures shall be maintained with respect to all external and internal operations which may reasonably be assumed to exert significant effects on the final results.

   Quality control shall be applied to, but not necessarily limited to, sample selection, sample implementation, data collection, data editing, data input, tabulation and data delivery in printed and electronic formats. It shall include (where relevant) periodic independent internal verification of fieldwork and periodic accuracy checks of meter performance and computer accumulations of base data.

3. The sample design for audience surveys (sample frame and sampling plan) must, to a reasonable degree, accurately reflect the statistical population targeted for measurement. In each rating report, the statistical (target) populations to which measurements are projected must be clearly defined. In instances where the sample frame may exclude part of the “target” population, such deviations shall be described clearly.

4. All field personnel (including supervisors) shall be furnished with detailed written instructions and manuals covering all steps of their work. Such personnel shall be thoroughly trained to assure that:

   a. They know the responsibilities of their positions.

   b. They understand all instructions governing their work.

   c. They will deviate from such instructions only when justified by unusual conditions and that any such deviations will be reported in writing.

   d. They recognize and will avoid any act which might tend to condition, misrepresent or bias the information obtained from respondents.

5. To improve quality of performance, interviewers and other personnel shall be informed that their work will be periodically checked by internal quality control procedures and by MRC auditors. Every effort shall be made to avoid divulgence to such persons of the checking procedures and the personnel, times and places selected for checking.

6. Detailed written instructions shall be maintained to insure uniform procedures in editing operations. Any editing changes in diaries or questionnaires (additions, deletions or changes) shall be made in an easily identifiable manner so that such editing changes can be checked or audited. Any routines for editing by computer shall be clearly documented.
7. Each rating service utilizing computer systems for processing audience data shall establish procedures to
insure that:

   a. The operations to be performed by the computer system are documented in sufficient detail to
      specify for each computer program at least: the objective of the program; the input data to be
      used; the editing and processing steps to be performed, and the output data.

   b. The computer programs and data are diligently protected from unauthorized manipulation.

   c. Changes in any computer program are documented in enough detail to identify what is being
      changed, the reason for the changes, tests performed to confirm the effect(s) of the changes,
      and the effective date of the changes.

   d. A continuity plan has been developed and periodically tested related to the critical operational
      areas of audited products. The purpose of the continuity plan is to provide reasonable
      assurance that information technology and other business-critical processes will continue to
      execute during an extraordinary event such as a natural disaster or other significant business
      interruption. In general, a measurement service should withhold issuance of data with known
      significant inaccuracies or biases because of business interruption issues or disclose a
      quantified estimate of the impact on reported results for such situations.

8. The anonymity of all personnel in any way concerned with sample respondents or households shall be
preserved.

9. If respondents have been led to believe, directly or indirectly, that they are participating in an audience
measurement survey and that their anonymity will be protected, their names, addresses and other such
identifying information shall not be made known to anyone outside the rating service organization, except
that such information may be provided to:

   a. The audit firm of the MRC in the performance of an audit.

   b. The MRC when such disclosure is required in a hearing before the MRC.

   c. Another legitimate market research organization, for methodological purposes only, at the
      discretion of the rating service.

10. Experiments in methodology shall not be conducted in conjunction with regular syndicated surveys unless
previous independent tests have indicated that the possible effect on the audience data reported will be
minimal and unless full disclosure is made as provided in B2 below.

11. Rating services shall take adequate steps to avoid including in audience measurement samples any station,
channel, system or network (television, radio, cable or satellite) principal or employee or any member of their
households because of the possibility of conscious or unconscious bias in the reporting of their media
behavior.

12. In the event that a rating service has identified an attempt to bias measurement results by a respondent’s
submission of fabricated information, it will do whatever may be necessary to identify and eliminate such
cases. In the event that such cases have been included in published data, the service will attempt to assess the
effect on results and will notify users should this prove to be of practical significance.

13. All weighting or data adjustment procedures utilized by a rating service in the process of converting basic raw
data to rating reports shall be based on systematic, logical procedures, consistently applied by the rating
service and defensible by empirical analysis.
B. Disclosure Standards

General

A concise description of the survey methodology shall be included in each rating report. This description shall include, but is not to be limited to, a description of the survey technique used, a delineation of the area or areas for which ratings were reported, the sampling procedures used, periods during which the audience data were obtained, criteria for reporting stations, a statement as to whether weighting and/or adjustment factors have been used, and a statement as to whether special interviewing and/or retrieval techniques have been used. Additional details regarding procedures used in sampling (including the selection of samples, callback procedures, substitution procedures), weighting area determination, etc., shall be provided to subscribers in methodological supplements which shall be updated periodically (at a minimum, annually) to reflect current policy and practice.

Specific

1. Each report shall include statements calling attention to all omissions, errors and biases known to the rating service which may exert a significant effect on the findings shown in the report.

2. Each rating report shall point out changes in, or deviations from, the standard operating procedures of the rating service which may exert a significant effect on the reported results. This notification shall indicate the estimated magnitude of the effect. The notice shall go to subscribers in advance as well as being prominently displayed in the report itself.

3. Each rating report shall show the number of different households (or individual or other sample units) initially selected and designated to provide audience information and the number among these that provided usable rating data utilized for that specific rating report. If any of the usable interviews or responses have not been included in the final rating report, that fact and a description of the procedure by which the responses used were selected shall be included in the report.

4. Each rating report shall indicate the sample base for the reporting of any separate audience data (households or persons, geographic breakdowns such as Metro and Total Area and demographic tabulations based on age, sex, ethnic origin, etc.). This information is to be provided on a basis of in-tab and, where appropriate, effective sample sizes.

5. Geographic areas surveyed shall be clearly defined in each rating report and the criteria and/or source used in the selection of the survey areas shall be given. (Thus, if the area surveyed is the Metro area as defined by the U.S. Census, the report should so state.)

6. The rating service shall show in a prominent place in each report a comparison of the geographic distribution of sample data with universe data as obtained from primary sources. In the case of individual local reports, the data shall be shown in each report according to counties or reasonable county groupings. In the case of services using continuing samples, the above information shall be published in each report but need be updated only semi-annually.
7. Each rating report shall state that the audience data obtained from the samples used in audience measurement surveys are subject to both sampling and non-sampling errors and shall point out the major non-sampling errors which are believed to affect the audience estimates.

8. With respect to sampling error:
   a. Each rating report shall contain standard error data relevant to the audience estimates contained therein. Such data shall be presented whether or not effective sample sizes are shown.
   b. The report shall also contain a non-technical explanation of the meaning and use of standard error as well as a clear guide to how the data may be applied to any given estimate contained in the report.
   c. The method used to develop standard error estimates as well as the formulas used to compute the standard errors shall be fully disclosed. The service shall provide a basis for calculating sample errors for other audience estimates commonly calculated from data published in its reports, although this material may be included in a methodological supplement rather than the report itself.
   d. In order for the MRC to verify the accuracy of the standard error and effective sample size approximations contained in a rating report, rating services will be requested periodically to provide a sample of standard errors and effective sample sizes calculated by appropriate standard error formulas. The MRC may use this information as a comparison with results obtained by applying the approximation formulas given in ratings reports.

9. All weighting or data adjustment procedures utilized by a rating service in the process of converting basic raw data to rating reports shall be clearly stated and quantified. This detailed information should be available in each report or reporting system. Appropriate reference material shall also describe procedures and the reasons for such adjustments or weighting.

10. If a rating service establishes minimum requirements for the issuance of a rating report or for reporting stations, or demographic or geographic breaks, the service shall indicate the minimum number of sample returns required for each category.

11. If the rating service becomes aware that a station, channel, system, or network has employed special non-regular promotional techniques that may distort or “hype” ratings and/or exhortation to the public to cooperate in ratings surveys, the rating service shall publish a description of this effort in the appropriate report.

12. If a rating service has knowledge of apparent rating distorting influences such as community power outages, catastrophes or transmission failures, the rating service shall indicate in its reports that such conditions existed during the survey period.
13. With respect to accreditable but presently non-accredited surveys conducted by a company which produces a rating service(s) accredited by MRC:

   a. Efforts must be taken by the company to disclose fully that these other services are, in fact, not accredited by the Council. To avoid subscriber confusion, the minimum requirement is: (1) the report covers for non-accredited services be distinctively different from those used on accredited service(s), and (2) each non-accredited report must carry prominently (on the outside front cover, inside front cover or the opposite page) the following statement:

   (a) “This service is not part of a regular syndicated rating service accredited by the MRC and _________ has not requested accreditation. ___________ does provide one or more syndicated services which are accredited by the MRC.”

   Alternative wording may be used if approved in advance by the MRC.

   b. Surveys executed by a rating service for a specific client or clients shall clearly show that the report is of a special nature and not part of a regular accredited syndicated rating service. Such report shall show the name of the client or clients and shall be (1) easily distinguishable from accredited rating reports by use of distinctive report covers, and (2) notice to this effect must be on the outside front cover, inside front cover or the opposite page.

   c. The MRC accreditation symbol will not be used on any reports which are not an integral part of a service accredited by and subject to audit by the MRC.

14. The rating service shall permit such CPA firm(s) designated by the MRC for the purpose of auditing to review and/or audit any or all procedures or operations that bear upon the development and reporting of audience estimates.

15. Although the anonymity of all personnel concerned with sample respondents or households shall be preserved (as required by A.8), the MRC audit firm will have the right to check with such personnel and any other appropriate persons as part of the auditing process. (The audit firm will in its audit reports maintain the anonymity of such personnel.)

16. Interviewer and supervisor records shall be maintained at least eleven months by the rating service to show: name; date of work; time; type of work; location of work; manner of payment (e.g., full-time staff, part-time staff, hourly, per interview, conditions [if any] under which bonuses are paid, etc.).
17. Each rating service shall maintain, for at least eleven months from the end of the period covered by the report, all diaries and interviews (or a complete facsimile thereof), tape records and/or other primary sources of audience data. These shall include material actually used in the preparation of published rating reports as well as material collected but not used. In addition, each service shall maintain records of:

   a. All attempts to place diaries or meters, or to obtain interviews or whatever other form of cooperation is required for the research technique used.

   b. All unsuccessful attempts to obtain information, including but not limited to - refusals, not at home, cases requiring further discussion and/or correspondence (e.g., with another member of the household), busy signals (phone), and returns from postal authorities.

   c. Actual or assumed reasons for non-cooperation.

   d. Which cooperating sample members are original sample selections, and which are first, second, third, etc., substitutions.

18. Returned diaries or questionnaires not put into tabulation for any reason (incomplete, late, poor quality, wrong area, etc.) shall be marked to indicate the reason for rejection and filed as provided under B.17.

19. Each service shall keep documentation of errors of any type in published figures for a period of two years.

   Included in such documentation shall be: the length of time the error affected published figures; the effect of the error in absolute and relative terms; its cause; the corrective action taken; and the disclosures, if any, made to subscribers (copies of notices, etc.). If no disclosure was made, the record should indicate the reason underlying this decision.

20. Rating service edit manuals will be made available to subscribers at service headquarters where raw data is made available for inspection.
C. **Electronic Delivery and Third Party Processor**

   **Supplementary Standards**

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**General**

In addition to groups A and B above, rating services that deliver audience data electronically and third party processors of accredited rating service data are required to adhere to the following minimum standards. In these cases, many of the disclosures required by the minimum standards can be made within the electronic delivery system.

In this context a "System" refers to the electronic delivery system or the software used by a third party processor to manipulate an accredited rating service’s data. A "Third Party Processor" is an organization that reprocesses audience data from a primary supplier to provide alternative report formats, applications, etc.

**Specific**

1. The System must have reasonable controls to prevent:
   a. Users from accessing respondent identifying information.
   b. Users from altering raw data, such as listening, viewing, readership, product usage or qualitative estimates. Raw data also includes weighting and sample balancing results.
   c. Users from altering System software.
   d. Report headings selected by users from being misleading. This includes the use of footnotes and "flags" where necessary to clarify limitations of the data presented,

2. Users of the System should be alerted, and reports from the System must delineate:
   a. Audience estimates produced by the System having suspect reliability, such as in cases of less than minimum reportability. Minimum requirements for reporting and reliability can change due to the customizable nature of System analyses; in these instances the System shall indicate the minimum number of sample returns required for each analyses.
   b. Audience estimates originating from statistical models rather than directly from reported audience data with documentation made available to auditors on request.
   c. Data from non-accredited sources. System reports should clearly disclose these situations using language similar to that in B.13 above.
   d. Situations of data reissuance due to errors.
3. The rating service or third party processors must have reasonable controls to ensure:
   a. Users have received the current version of the System.
   b. Users are notified timely of errors noted in the System and/or data, and where necessary, that corrected software and/or data are distributed timely.

4. Exportation of data from the System generally takes manipulation of the data outside of the control of the rating service or third party processor, therefore this activity will not be accredited. Reasonable efforts must be made to identify and distinguish standard reports of the System from reports based on exported data.

5. The rating service or third party processor is encouraged to supply detailed written instructions, user manuals or on-line help facilities to assist users in properly executing System functions.

Additional Recommended Standards

In addition to adherence to the Minimum Standards, the MRC requests that accredited rating services, insofar as possible, observe the “Recommended Standards for the Preparation of Statistical Reports in Broadcast Audience Measurement Research” and “Standard Definitions of Broadcast Research Terms”, both published by the National Association of Broadcasters, but also endorsed by the Media Rating Council and the Advertising Research Foundation.

For MRC Minimum Standards for A.10 and B.2

In an effort to assist research companies in their adherence to MRC Minimum Standards A10 and B2, the MRC suggests the following:

I. Each research company is encouraged to provide the MRC a “Journal of Changes” on a quarterly basis. This Journal would include any and all changes in methodology and procedures that the research company is planning to test and/or implement in the next quarter or, if known, beyond. Submission itself, does not imply any waiver of A10/B2.

and/or

II. Each research company is encouraged to avail themselves of the following voluntary “Live Test Procedures”:
Live Test Procedures

1. Before implementing a Live Test of any of the methods and procedures used to collect audience data, the research company agrees to review such proposed tests with the MRC Staff and two Ad-Hoc MRC Board members (Hereafter referred to as the MRC Group), detailing the objectives of the test and the contemplated procedures. Results of prior tests supporting minimal effects, if available, should also be offered.

2. If the evidence suggests to the MRC Group that the possible effect on Audience Data will be minimal, then the research company will be advised that implementation of the test will not be considered a violation of Minimum Standard A.10.

3. Should the MRC Group or the research company feel the need for outside technical counsel, this would first be jointly discussed and outside technical counsel will be jointly agreed on.

4. Should the research company request it, the MRC Group would agree not to reveal the specific nature of these tests other than to the independent auditor working with the research company on behalf of the MRC and, if required, outside technical counsel.

5. The research company would disclose to all subscribers that a test was conducted and reach agreement with the MRC Staff and the MRC Group as to the statement(s) to be made. Disclosure, per Minimum Standard B.2, will go to subscribers in advance as well as being prominently displayed in the report itself should the staff and group feel required.

6. It is also understood that, ultimately, the decision to conduct a live test rests with the research company. The procedure described above is intended to assist the research company in working within the framework of MRC Standards A.10 and B.2.
MRC Executive Directors

Dr. Kenneth Baker (1964 – 1970)
John Dimling (1982 – 1985)
Melvin Goldberg (1986 – 1992)
George W. Ivie (2000 – Present)